

Department of Chemistry

Introduction

Chemistry is a science dealing with the structure, synthesis, and properties of substances, particularly at the molecular level. We are surrounded by chemical products; e.g., food, clothing, housing, drugs, and so on. In addition, new materials such as those supporting computer memory storage and superconductivity have been playing an essential role in the recent progress of technology and culture. Some chemicals, on the other hand, tend to give rise to serious environmental problems, whose solutions will depend upon chemistry research and education in future. Thus, chemistry and related sciences are much closer to us than one imagines, extensively contributing to the development of science and human society.

The department of chemistry, graduate school of science, Osaka University, comprises the following four divisions covering inorganic, physical, organic, and interdisciplinary chemistry. In addition, the department has cooperative with thirteen research groups of other research institutes.



Experiment in inorganic chemistry



Single Crystal growth of exotic organic functional materials under the oxygen-free condition (< 5 ppm)

Inorganic Chemistry Division

Analytical Chemistry, Inorganic Chemistry, Coordination Chemistry and Radiochemistry laboratories are included in this division.

Analytical Chemistry laboratory is developing nano-chemistry of liquid-liquid interfaces to elucidate specific role of the interface in chemistry. The diffusion dynamics of single molecules and the reaction mechanisms of metal-complex aggregations at the interface are investigated in relation to the separation mechanisms. New principles for migration analysis of biological micro-particles are also developed utilizing specific forces generated by a laser, an electric field and a magnetic field.

The main subject in both laboratories of Inorganic Chemistry is to explore novel transition metal complexes showing unique structures and properties. Various new types of mononuclear and polynuclear metal complexes have been synthesized and the relationship between their structures and chemical properties is elucidated in solid and solution states by means of electronic spectroscopy, NMR, X-ray diffraction, and magnetic measurements. Furthermore, new spectroscopic phenomena induced by a magnetic field are also investigated.

In the Radiochemistry laboratory, superheavy elements and actinide elements are synthesized and their chemical properties are studied by some unique techniques. A new chemistry on artificial atoms composed of pion and muon, called an exotic atom, is developed in this laboratory. Nuclear reaction mechanisms of heavy ions and a finding of new nuclear phenomena, together with their application to physical and chemical researches, are also of their subjects.

In the Laboratory for bioinorganic chemistry, they study on relationships between structures and functions of metalloproteins, playing important roles in the biological systems. Furthermore, metal complexes are synthesized as a



Synthetic organic experiment using exhaust equipment for safety

biomimetic model compound of the active site of metalloproteins, and the model complexes are structurally and functionally compared with the active site of proteins.

The purpose of Laboratory of Coordination Chemistry is to prepare novel mononuclear, polynuclear, and metallosupramolecular complexes and to elucidate their molecular structures, electronic states, and functionalities. In particular, our current interest is directed toward the development of fundamental coordination chemistry by utilizing multifunctional metalloligands instead of classical inorganic/organic ligands.

Physical Chemistry Division

In the physical chemistry division, our research and educational activities cover experimental studies of structure, properties and reactivity of molecules and condensed matter and their theoretical analysis.

In the Condensed Matter Physical Chemistry Group, electronic properties of molecular conductors, molecular magnets, metal complexes and their network magnetic systems are studied by calorimetry, transport, and magnetic measurements. Novel features originated from the cooperative effects of spins, charges and molecular motions are discussed.

Surface Chemistry Group is aiming to create molecular functions by controlling the reactions of molecules on the surface and in nano-sized devices. The research will utilize various surface science technique, such as scanning probe microscopy, electron spectroscopy, and the device fabrication and characteristic measurement technique.

Chemical Kinetics and Dynamics Group aims at understanding chemical reactions at single molecule or nano-level using novel methods of scanning probe microscopy. The investigation for devices consisting of small number of molecules based on single molecular reaction and/or properties develops novel features differing from that of bulk molecular materials.

In the Quantum and Theoretical Chemistry Group, Computers are utilized for theoretical analysis and prediction of properties and reactivity of chemical substances, design of functional materials. Development of new methodologies for computation is also the subject in this group.

The The Research Center for Thermal and Entropic Science is devoted specifically to chemical thermodynamics dealing with various types of condensed matter, including hard materials such as high- T_C superconductors, soft materials such as liquid crystals, and rather complex systems such as adsorbed monolayers. We are particularly interested in "Order and Disorder" created by subtle balance of various intermolecular interactions.

A physical chemistry group in the Museum of Osaka University is mainly working on the structure and dynamics of molecules confined in the nano-space constructed in the solid-state materials, by means of high-resolution solid-state NMR and ESR with other physico-chemical measurements. We also aim to develop a new analytical method for the cultural properties in Osaka University.

The group in Institute for Radiation Sciences mainly focuses on surface chemistry explored with newly developed original experimental techniques and their related equipment. Particularly, the group is developing molecular-beam and ion-beam facilities for the studies of the elementary

processes of surface-chemical reactions and of the surface modification including sputtering.

Organic Chemistry Division

In the Division of Organic Chemistry, we observe natural phenomena through the structures and chemical behaviors of organic molecules, and try to discover the underlying principles operating in the life systems. We also actively extend our knowledge through theoretical considerations of the structures and properties of molecules and molecular interactions. These efforts will allow us to interpretate the sophisticated natural system and enable further creation of functionally interesting organic compounds. Division of Organic Chemistry consists of the following four independent research groups.

The research in Laboratory for Physical Organic Chemistry is directed toward molecular design and synthesis of artificial novel compounds with theoretical and functional interests in the solid state properties. Such efforts may lead to an ultimate goal to realize self-organized single molecular electronics.

Major research projects of Laboratory for Structural Organic Chemistry are related to synthesis of novel extended π -electron systems and artificial supramolecules. New synthetic procedures for molecules with conjugated electronic systems are also investigated there. Systematic studies of properties for such various synthetic compounds are expected to result in discovery of novel classes of functionally interesting and versatile compounds.

Marine toxins and other biologically active compounds such as lipids and hormones are dealt with in Laboratory for Biomolecular Chemistry. New methodologies based mainly on NMR spectroscopy are being elaborated for investigation of three-dimensional structures and functions of complex biomolecules.

The research purpose in Laboratory for Organic Biochemistry is to clarify the functions of oligosaccharides in the living cell. Chemical synthesis of glycoproteins, glycopeptides and oligosaccharides are extensively performed and then used it for several bioassays. Several new reactions to construct such biomolecules are also studied.

Interdisciplinary Chemistry Division

In this Division research works are oriented towards novel fields of both Natural Product Chemistry and Biophysical Chemistry. Laboratory for Natural Products Chemistry mainly focuses on the functions of glycoconjugates consisting of carbohydrates linked to other structural units such as fatty acids and phosphates. Isolation of unknown bioactive compounds from natural sources, their structural, synthetic and functional studies are being intensively undertaken.

Biophysical Chemistry Group maintains as its primary focus the development and use of laser-based technologies to measure atomic level features of the biological systems. The results of these efforts are contributing to a deeper understanding of the nature of proteins' motions and relating the dynamics to biological function.

Home Page

<http://www.chem.sci.osaka-u.ac.jp/graduate/chem-e/index.html>

Research Projects

Inorganic Chemistry Division

1. Laboratory for Analytical Chemistry
2. Laboratory for Radiochemistry
3. Laboratory for Inorganic Chemistry
4. Laboratory for Bioinorganic Chemistry
5. Laboratory for Coordination Chemistry

Physical Chemistry Division

6. Laboratory for Condensed Matter Physical Chemistry
7. Laboratory for Surface Chemistry
8. Laboratory for Quantum Chemistry
9. Laboratory for Reaction Dynamics

Organic Chemistry Division

10. Laboratory for Structural Organic Chemistry
11. Laboratory for Physical Organic Chemistry
12. Laboratory for Biomolecular Chemistry
13. Laboratory for Organic Biochemistry

Interdisciplinary Chemistry Division

14. Laboratory for Natural Product Chemistry
15. Laboratory for Biophysical Chemistry
16. The Research Center for Thermal and Entropic Science
17. Laboratory for High-Technology Research for the Analysis and Utilization of Materials

18. Center for Education in Liberal Arts and Sciences
19. Laboratory for Isotope Chemistry, Institute for Radiation Sciences
20. Laboratory for Beam Chemistry, Institute for Radiation Sciences

The Institute of Scientific and Industrial Research (Cooperative Division)

21. Laboratory for Bio-Nanotechnology
22. Laboratory for Regulatory Bioorganic Chemistry
23. Laboratory for Complex Molecular Chemistry

Institute for Protein Research (Cooperative Division)

24. Laboratory of Protein Organic Chemistry
25. Laboratory for Molecular Biophysics
26. Laboratory of Protein Profiling and Functional Proteomics
27. Laboratory for Computational Biology

Cooperative Adjunct Division

28. National Institute of Advanced Industrial Science and Technology (AIST) Nanomaterials Research Institute
29. National Institute of Advanced Industrial Science and Technology (AIST) Chubu Center
30. National Institute of Advanced Industrial Science and Technology (AIST) Kansai Center
31. Peptide Institute, Inc.
32. Suntory Foundation for Life Sciences, Bioorganic Research Institute

Department
of
Chemistry

Laboratory for Analytical Chemistry

Members Satoshi TSUKAHARA (Professor), Masayori SUWA (Assistant Professor), Shigeki YAMAMOTO (Assistant Professor)

Tel·Fax Tel & Fax: +81-6-6850-5411

e-mail sxt@chem.sci.osaka-u.ac.jp

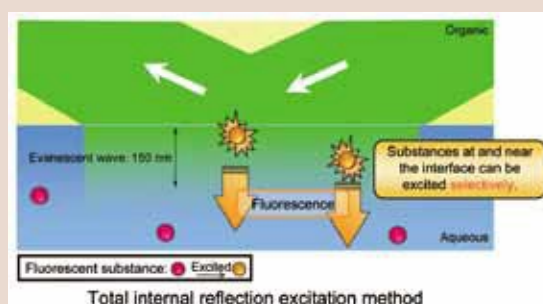
Home Page <http://www.chem.sci.osaka-u.ac.jp/lab/tsukahara/en/index.html>

[Research Interests]

- 1) Metal complex aggregation at liquid/liquid interfaces and its high sensitive spectroscopic analysis
- 2) Measurements and analysis of denaturation of proteins at hydrophobic interfaces
- 3) Measurements of transport kinetics of substances through liquid/liquid interfaces and development of high selective interfaces
- 4) Development of magneto-optical microscope under pulsed magnetic field
- 5) Development of analytical separation methods for microparticles exploiting external field
- 6) Structural analysis of chiral molecules in solutions based on Raman optical activity spectroscopy

Measurements of chemical reactions and phenomena occurring at liquid/liquid interfaces and analysis of nanoparticles and microparticles relating to biological and environmental systems are much important and attractive subjects in Analytical Chemistry. We have invented new methods to measure absorption spectra of metal complex

aggregates formed at liquid/liquid interfaces with polarized light; the thickness of the aggregates is only a few nanometers. We also measured reversible adsorption of proteins to hydrophobic interfaces by total internal reflection technique, and investigated the denaturation of proteins there. We have also invented novel analytical methods for microparticles by using magnetic field. Magneto-optical imaging microscopy and analytical separation method are being developed in order to detect paramagnetic compounds in microparticles.



Laboratory for Bioinorganic Chemistry

Members Yasuhiro FUNAHASHI (Professor), Masaki NOJIRI (Associate Professor), Tsubasa HATANAKA (Assistant Professor)

Tel·Fax Tel: +81-6-6850-5767 • Fax: +81-6-6850-5787 **e-mail** funahashi @chem.sci.osaka-u.ac.jp

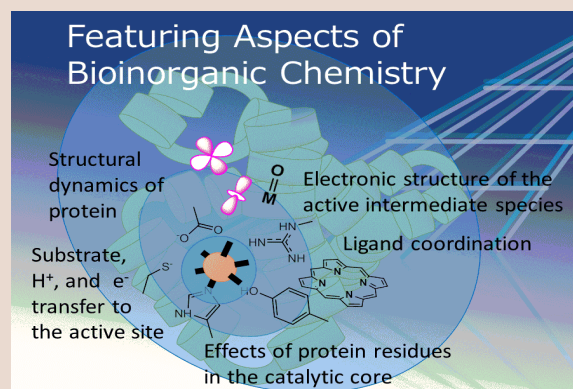
Home Page <http://www.chem.sci.osaka-u.ac.jp/lab/funahashi/en-index.html>

[Research Interests]

- 1) Synthesis of mono- and multi-nuclear metal complexes activating molecules
- 2) Synthesis of heterometallic multinuclear complexes activating molecules
- 3) Synthesis of novel metal complexes as a photosensitizer
- 4) Development of artificial metalloenzymes activating molecules
- 5) Investigation of relationships between structures and functions of metalloprotein
- 6) Synthetic and mechanistic study on metal complexes with anticancer activity

The energy transduction and metabolism involve photo-excitation, electron transfer process, and activation of substrates including small molecules such as O_2 , N_2 , and so on.

The 1st transition metals are frequently essential trace elements for organisms, working at the active sites in the proteins. The metal complexes sometimes show pharmaceutical activity. We study on metals in biology, and we newly develop relevant metal complexes and metalloenzymes.



Laboratory for Coordination Chemistry

Members Nobuto YOSHINARI (Associate Professor), Naoto KUWAMURA (Assistant Professor), Tatsuhiko KOJIMA (Assistant Professor)

Tel · Fax Tel: +81-6-6850-5765 • Fax: +81-6-6850-5765 **e-mail** nobuto@chem.sci.osaka-u.ac.jp

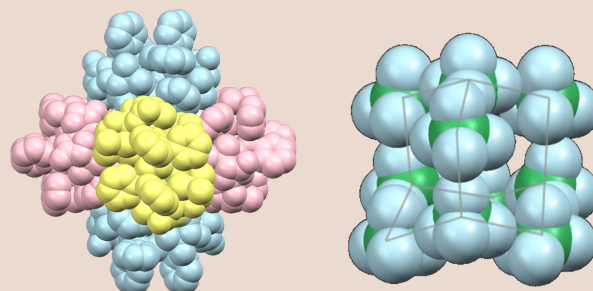
Home Page http://www.chem.sci.osaka-u.ac.jp/lab/konno/index_e.html

[Research Interests]

- 1) Exploitation of coordination molecular technology that leads to the creation of new conceptual ionic solids with new functionalities.
- 2) Stepwise construction of heterometallic polynuclear and metallocupramolecular structures based on multifunctional metalloligands.
- 3) Studies on the chiral recognition and self-assembly of metal complexes.
- 4) Studies on the control of structures and properties of sulfur-bridged polynuclear complexes.

The purpose of our research projects is to prepare novel mononuclear, polynuclear, and

metallocupramolecular complexes and to elucidate their molecular structures, electronic states, and functionalities. Our current interest is directed toward the development of fundamental coordination chemistry by utilizing multifunctional metalloligands by using simple ligands.



Laboratory for Condensed Matter Physical Chemistry

Members Yasuhiro NAKAZAWA (Professor), Hiroki AKUTSU (Associate Professor)
Satoshi YAMASHITA (Assistant Professor)

Home Page <http://www.chem.sci.osaka-u.ac.jp/lab/Nakazawa/>

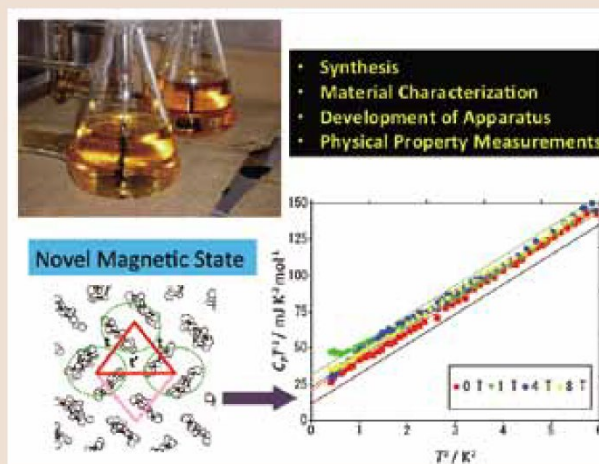
[Research Area]

- 1) Phase Transitions and Low-Energy Excitations in Molecular Superconductors.
- 2) Novel Quantum Behavior in Strongly Correlated Electron Systems.
- 3) Magnetic Behaviors of Molecular Magnets and Metal Complexes.
- 4) Search for Novel Quantum Phenomena under Various External Conditions.

We are studying the physical and chemical properties of condensed matter systems which consist of molecules and atoms.

Especially we are interested in finding novel phenomena and their possible mechanisms with regard to superconductivity and magnetism. Along this line, we have constructed our original low-temperature calorimeters for measuring heat capacities of small single-crystal samples. To see the behavior induced by changing the external condition, the calorimetry under external magnetic

fields up to 15 T is also performed. Throughout the thermodynamic research, we are aiming at solving the mechanisms of many mysterious behaviors in condensed matter systems.



Laboratory for Surface Chemistry

Members Megumi AKAI-KASAYA (Professor), Hiroyuki S. KATO (Associate Professor),
Seiya WATANABE (Assistant Professor)

Tel·Fax Tel: +81-6-6850-6082·Fax: +81-6-6850-6777 **e-mail** akai@chem.sci.osaka-u.ac.jp

Home Page <http://www.chem.sci.osaka-u.ac.jp/lab/akai/englishindex.html>

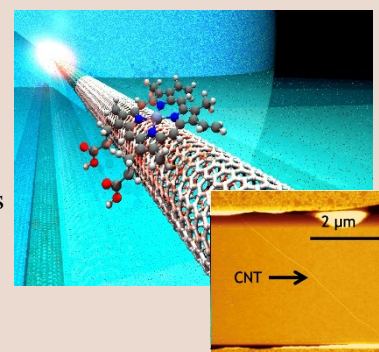
[Research Interests]

- (1) Photoemission microspectroscopy for organic films
- (2) Electronically excited states of adsorbed molecules
- (3) Dynamical molecular redox responses at heterointerfaces
- (4) Research of ionic novel functions on metal surfaces
- (5) Exploitation of protonic functions in two-dimensional molecular films

[Research Area]

Materials surfaces are important in both basic and applied science, because complex and special reactions of atoms and/or molecules proceed on surfaces. These surface reactions can yield various functions that enable the exchange of energy and information.

In our laboratory, through focusing on the chemical reactions of various molecules occurring on surfaces or within devices with nanoscale metal electrodes, we intend to characterize new molecular functions.



Utilizing various surface analysis methods such as scanning probe microscopy (SPM), photoemission spectroscopy (PES), and nanoscale molecular devices with characteristic measurements, we will elucidate the basic reaction mechanisms and physical properties of molecules.

Laboratory for Quantum Chemistry

Members Mitsutaka OKUMURA (Professor), Shusuke YAMANAKA (Associate Professor), Takashi KAWAKAMI (Assistant Professor)

Tel·Fax +81-6-6850-5404 / +81-6-6850-5550

e-mail ok@chem.sci.osaka-u.ac.jp

Home Page <http://www.chem.sci.osaka-u.ac.jp/lab/guchi/>

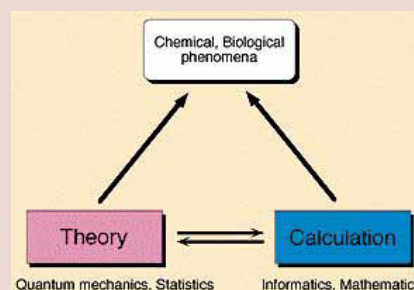
[Research area]

- 1) Theoretical studies on molecular and electronic structures for atoms, molecules and their clusters.
- 2) Theoretical studies on chemical reaction.
- 3) Theoretical studies on electronic, magnetic and photo properties.
- 4) Theoretical studies on functional, informatics and mathematical systems.

In this laboratory the investigations depending on only theory and calculation are performed for many chemical subjects. We employ quantum mechanics, statistics and informatics as fundamental theory for investigation of electronic and molecular structures.

Moreover, ab initio MO program packages based on our own theory are developed to challenge cluster, biological sciences and etc., which expand possibilities of chemical subjects.

Accurate and huge calculations as well as visualization of their results using super-computers are also applied to the elucidation of intriguing chemical phenomena before experimental studies.



Laboratory for Reaction Dynamics

Members Takuya MATSUMOTO (Professor), Hiroshi OHYAMA (Associate Professor), Dock-Chil CHE (Associate Professor), Takashi YAMADA (Assistant Professor)

Tel · Fax Tel: +81-6-6850-5400 · Fax: +81-6-6850-5403

e-mail matsumoto-t@chem.sci.osaka-u.ac.jp

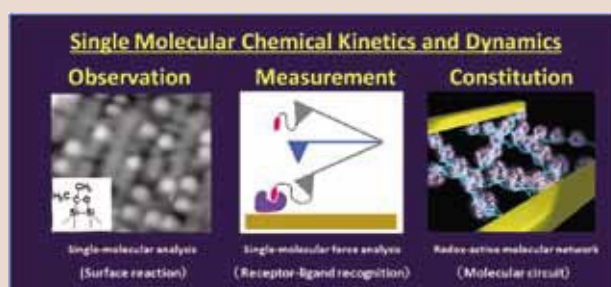
HomePage <http://www.chem.sci.osaka-u.ac.jp/lab/matsumoto/index.html>

[Research Interests]

- 1) Time-resolved electrostatic force microscopy for electron-transfer dynamics.
- 2) Molecular recognition force microscopy for receptor-ligand reaction.
- 3) Molecular electronics based on redox-active molecular array.
- 4) Multi-dimensional stereodynamics in the molecular-molecular reactions.
- 5) Stereodynamics in the molecular-radical reactions.

The chemistry of individual molecules has been a chemist's dream for long time, but today, it is realized by scanning probe microscopy. The method enables us to observe, measure, and manipulate individual molecules in nano-scale.

We are studying molecular recognition and electron transfer using scanning probe microscopy in single molecule level, and interested in finding novel phenomena which differ from those of bulk molecular materials. Along this line, the devices consisting of small number of molecules are also developed from a perspective of molecular electronics.



Laboratory for Structural Organic Chemistry

Members Takashi KUBO (Professor), Yasukazu HIRAO (Associate Professor), Tomohiko NISHIUCHI (Assistant Professor)

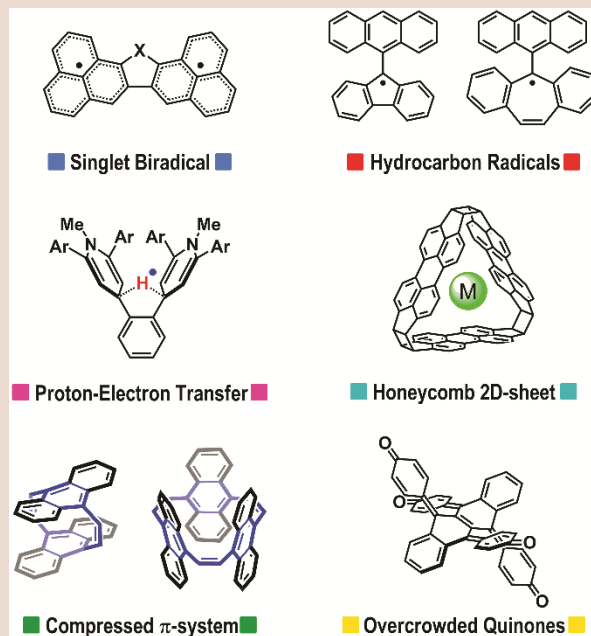
Tel-Fax Tel: +81-6-6850-5384 • Fax: +81-6-6850-5387

Home Page <http://www.chem.sci.osaka-u.ac.jp/lab/kubo/>

[Research Interests]

- 1) Synthesis and solid-state properties of open-shell molecules
- 2) Development of proton and electron transfer system
- 3) Design, synthesis, and properties of molecular-based 2D-sheet materials
- 4) Synthesis and functions of π -compressed molecules
- 5) Synthesis, structures, and properties of overcrowded quinones

π -Electrons in conjugated molecules play decisive roles for the electronic and photo-physical properties of organic compounds. We have been studying designs, syntheses, structures, and physical properties of novel extended π -conjugated systems, with particular emphasis on functional properties such as electron-transport, magnetism, photo-switching, and chiro-optics. Work in these areas is highly synthesis-driven, and is also strongly based on physical organic chemistry. Our wide variety of chemistry will lead to discovery of new class of electronic- and photonic-materials as well as of fundamental scientific ideas.



Laboratory for Physical Organic Chemistry

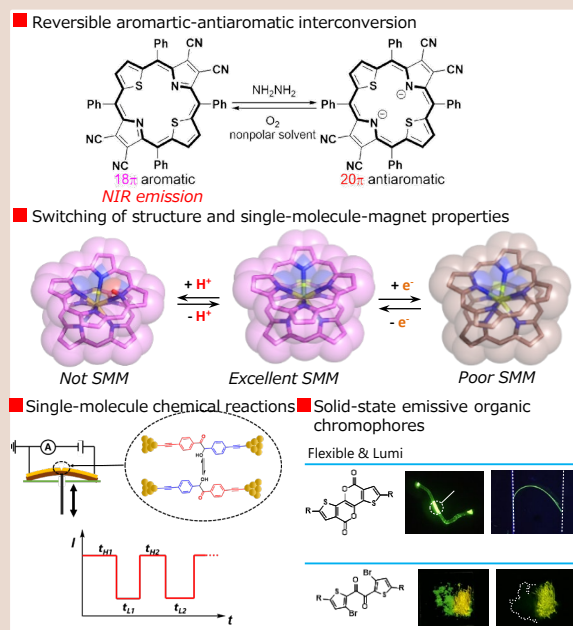
Members Ken-ichi YAMASHITA (Associate Professor), Yosuke TANI (Assistant Professor)

Tel • Fax Tel: +81-6-6850-5394 • Fax: +81-6-6850-5395 **e-mail**

Home Page <http://www.chem.sci.osaka-u.ac.jp/lab/ogawa/en/index.html>

[Research Interests]

1. Systematic study of luminescence properties of antiaromatic compounds
2. Chemistry of novel porphyrinoids and metal complexes
3. Development of the new chemistry of stacked (anti)aromatic molecules.
4. Luminescent molecules: solid-state emission & mechanochromism
5. Single-molecule Science: molecular electronics & single-molecule chemical reaction



Laboratory for Biomolecular Chemistry

Members Michio MURATA (Professor), Shinya HANASHIMA (Associate Professor),
Yuichi Umegawa (Assistant Professor)

Tel·Fax +81-6-6850-5774

e-mail murata@chem.sci.osaka-u.ac.jp

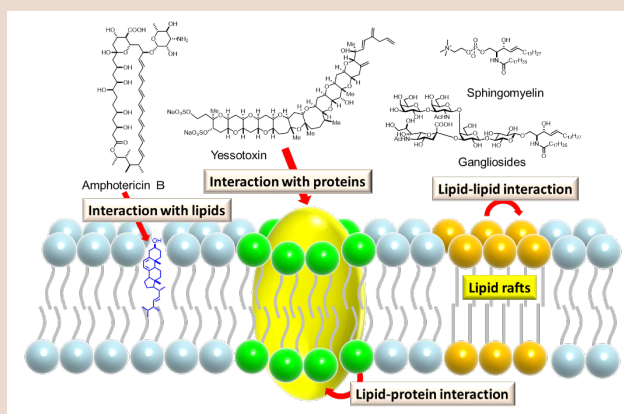
Home Page <http://www.chem.sci.osaka-u.ac.jp/lab/murata/english/index.html>

[Research Interests]

1. Action of drugs and natural products in biological membranes
2. Dynamic lipid conformations in bilayer membranes
3. Lipid-lipid and lipid-protein interaction at lipid rafts
4. Synthesis of complex natural products

We are interested in the membrane active drugs and toxins, as well as the endogenous lipids and sterols to elucidate the active molecular assemblages. Chemical synthesis assisted NMR analysis

works out the channel structure of the polyene antibiotics-lipids assembly, dynamic lipid conformations and lipid interactions occurring in bilayer membrane.



Laboratory for Organic Biochemistry

Members Yasuhiro Kajihara (Professor), Ryo Okamoto (Associate Professor),
Yuta Maki (Assistant Professor)

Tel·Fax 06-6850-5380

e-mail kajihara@chem.sci.osaka-u.ac.jp

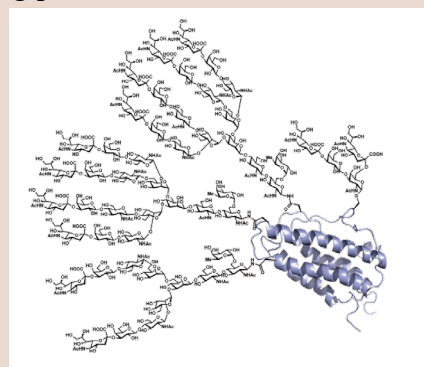
Home Page <http://www.chem.sci.osaka-u.ac.jp/lab/kajihara/>

[Research Interests]

- 1) Chemical synthesis of oligosaccharides
- 2) Chemical synthesis of glycoproteins and glycopeptides
- 3) Elucidation of oligosaccharide functions

The oligosaccharides of protein have been thought to concern with protein conformation, dynamics, protein trafficking and glycoprotein lifetime in blood. We have examined synthesis of homogeneous glycoproteins having human complex type oligosaccharide in order to evaluate oligosaccharide functions. We have synthesized several small glycoproteins (amino

Acids 40-76 residues), erythropoietin analogue (amino acids 166 residues), and co-stimulate glycoprotein of T-cell (amino acids 120 residues). We have also evaluated the effect of oligosaccharide during protein folding process.



Laboratory for Natural Product Chemistry Group

Members Koichi FUKASE (Professor), Kazuya KABAYAMA (Associate Professor),
Atsushi SHIMOYAMA (Assistant Professor), Yoshiyuki MANABE (Assistant Professor)

Tel·Fax Tel: +81-6-6850-5391 • Fax: +81-6-6850-5419 **e-mail** koichi@chem.sci.osaka-u.ac.jp

Home Page <http://www.chem.sci.osaka-u.ac.jp/lab/fukase/>

[Research Interests]

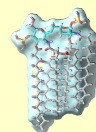
- Chemistry and function of immunomodulating substances from microbes and hosts
- Efficient and selective methods for glycosylation and oligosaccharide synthesis
- Bio-imaging of glycans and proteins for the new functional studies
- Targeted α -radiation therapy for cancer

We have studied the syntheses and biofunctions of microbial and host-derived molecules related to important biological phenomena such as immunity, infection, allergy, cancer, and etc. In particular, we have investigated glycans and glyco-conjugates in order to identify the active principle, elucidate the action mechanism, and control the biological responses.

Bio-imaging study of glycans, peptides, and proteins have been investigated by using fluorescent microscopy. Targeted α -particle therapy for cancer is also important project.

Synthesis of bioactive molecules

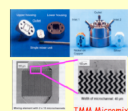
- Glycans
- Glycoconjugates
- Lipids
- Peptides
- Protein conjugates



E. coli lipid A

New reactions and synthetic methods

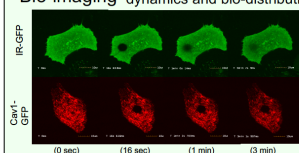
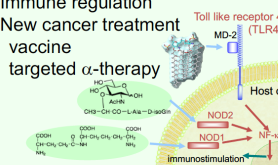
- Glycosylation
- Microflow synthesis
- Bio-conjugation
- Cell-engineering



TM Microfluidics

Bio-functional studies

- Immune regulation
- New cancer treatment vaccine targeted α -therapy
- Bio-imaging dynamics and bio-distribution



Laboratory for Biophysical Chemistry

Members Yasuhisa MIZUTANI (Professor), Haruto ISHIKAWA (Assistant Professor),
Misao MIZUNO (Assistant Professor)

Tel·Fax Tel: +81-6-6850-5776 • Fax: +81-6-6850-5776 **e-mail** mztan@chem.sci.osaka-u.ac.jp

Home Page <http://www.chem.sci.osaka-u.ac.jp/lab/mizutani/index.html>

[Research Area]

- 1) Structural chemistry on allosteric proteins.
- 2) Energy flow in proteins.
- 3) Creation of artificial proteins with allostery
- 4) Allostery and functionality of proteins.
- 5) Development of techniques for time-resolved spectroscopy.

Our research focuses on functionally-important protein dynamics to elucidate mechanism how they function. Protein dynamics are intimately connected to the structure/function relationship of biological systems. In numerous biological processes, the ensuing protein structural changes accompanying a reaction at a specific site must spatially extend to the mesoscopic dimensions of the protein to achieve a biological function. Protein dynamics span over a wide range of time scales. To answer questions on protein dynamics, we need the concatenation of experimental results

recorded over many orders of magnitude of time. In this regard it is important that a single experimental technique can examine protein structures evolving from the earliest moments, such as the picosecond regime, toward time scales that are highly relevant to biological functions, such as the microsecond or millisecond regimes. We are studying protein dynamics in the wide time window by using various time-resolved spectroscopic techniques, such as resonance Raman, absorption, and fluorescence spectroscopy.



Research Center for Thermal and Entropic Science

Members Motohiro NAKANO (Professor), Yuji MIYAZAKI (Associate Professor),
Daisuke TAKAJO (Assistant Professor)

Tel • Fax Tel: +81-6-6850-5525 • Fax: +81-6-6850-5525

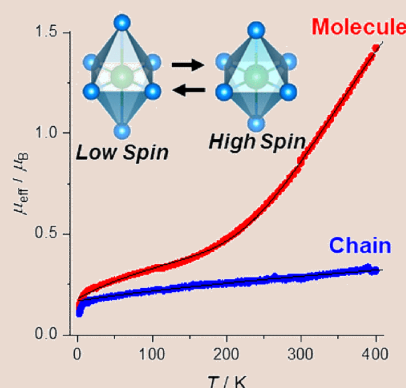
Home Page <http://www.chem.sci.osaka-u.ac.jp/lab/micro/index.html.en>

[Research Interests]

- 1) Thermodynamic investigation on molecule-based magnets.
- 2) Thermodynamic investigation on biomolecules and macromolecules in aqueous solutions.
- 3) Thermodynamic approach to biological phenomena.
- 4) Thermochemical approach to chemical bonds.
- 5) Structure and thermodynamics of molecular monolayers.

We are particularly interested in “Order and Disorder” created by subtle balance of various intermolecular interactions. Among many experimental techniques used in chemical science, our specialty is to measure the “Energy and Entropy” very accurately by means of calorimetry. Our goal is to combine all the information obtained from both the microscopic and macroscopic investigations to uncover the nature of condensed matter, which leads us to harmonize “molecular” sciences and chemical “thermodynamics”.

Applicability of thermodynamics allows us to target at hard samples including metals, ceramics, and molecular crystals in addition to soft ones like biopolymers, solutions, monolayers, and living things.



Laboratory for High-Technology Research for the Analysis and Utilization of Materials

(The Museum of Osaka University)

Members Takahiro UEDA (Professor), Jiro TOYODA (Associate Professor),
Keisuke MIYAKUBO (Associate Professor)

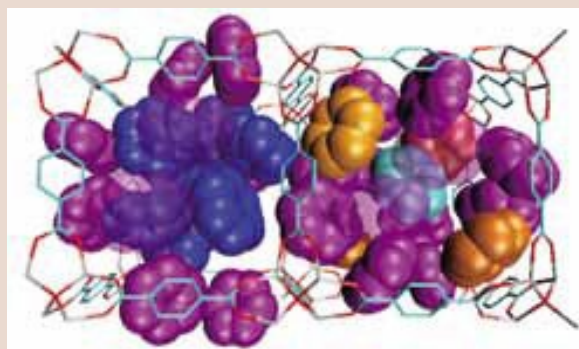
Tel • Fax Tel: +81-6-6850-5778 • Fax: +81-6-6850-6720 **e-mail** ueda@museum.osaka-u.ac.jp

Home Page <https://chemistry.museum.osaka-u.ac.jp/chemistry/research-en/>

[Research Interests]

- 1) Construction of new molecular assembly using a uniquely restricted nanospace and investigation of their novel properties
- 2) Development of new porosimetry based on NMR spectroscopy

Our laboratory is working on the structure and dynamics of molecules confined in nano-space constructed in the solid-state materials, by means of solid-state NMR techniques with other physico-chemical measurements. We also examine the new molecular assembly using a uniquely restricted nanospace and investigate their novel properties.



The local structure of benzene confined in Zn-based porous coordination polymer, IRMOF-1, obtained by molecular dynamics simulation.

Center for Education in Liberal Arts and Sciences

Members Kazuya YAMAGUCHI (Professor)

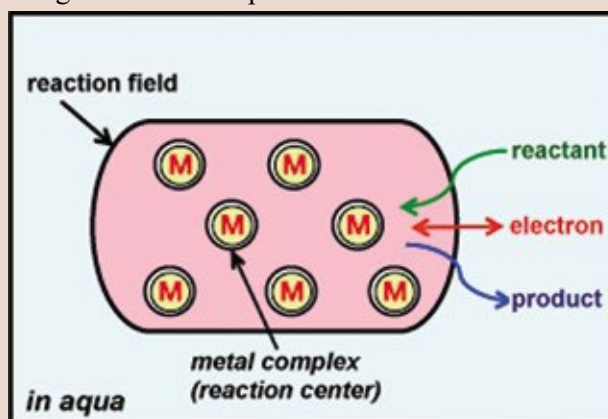
Tel Tel: +81-6-6850-6963 **e-mail** kazu@chem.sci.osaka-u.ac.jp

[Research Interests]

- 1) Effect of reaction field on the function of model complexes for the active site of metalloenzyme
- 2) Function conversion of dinuclear metalloenzymes
- 3) Preparation of new functional materials with biological metal complexes

Metal ions play important roles to maintain structures and functions in biological systems. Our current works are focused on (1) studies of structures and functions of metal proteins (Cu, Ni, Fe etc.) by various spectroscopy, and (2) syntheses and structural and functional characterization of transition metal complexes as models for the active sites of metalloproteins. Specially, we investigate the effect of reaction field on the function of metal complexes.

Moreover, we challenge the function conversion of metalloenzyme with the metal ion substitution and recombinant DNA methods. We believe that the studies will give the important information for preparation of new functional materials with biological metal complexes.



Laboratory for Isotope Chemistry

(Institute for Radiation Sciences)

Members Takashi YOSHIMURA (Professor), Kazuhiko NINOMIYA (Associate Professor), Kojiro NAGATA (Assistant Professor)

Tel • Fax Tel: +81-6-6850-6101 • FAX: +81-6-6850-6104

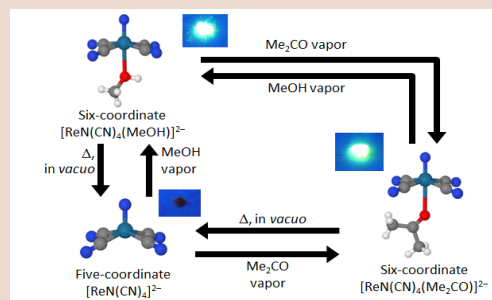
Home Page <http://www.irs.osaka-u.ac.jp/yoshimura/>

[Research Interest]

- 1) Synthesis and photoluminescent properties of metal complexes
- 2) Synthesis and properties of actinide complexes and new chelate agents for nuclear medicine
- 3) Development of new analytical technique using muons
- 4) Environmental chemistry related to the accident of Fukushima Daiichi Nuclear Power Plant

Our laboratory conducts inorganic chemistry focusing on radioactive and related elements. The purpose of our research is to synthesize

new complexes and to investigate the properties. Moreover, we are developing nondestructive analysis using muons, and research trace radioactivity in the environment related to the accident of Fukushima Daiichi Nuclear Power Plant.



Laboratory for Beam Chemistry

Members Michio OKADA (Professor)

Tel·Fax Tel & Fax: +81-6-6850-6028

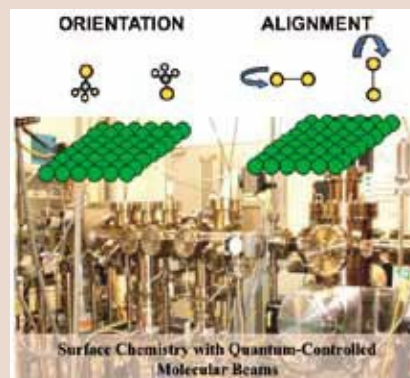
Home Page <https://www.irs.osaka-u.ac.jp/okada/>

[Research Interests]

- 1) Stereodynamics of surface chemical reactions induced by molecular beams
- 2) Surface chemical reactions explored with various surface-spectroscopy techniques
- 3) X-ray photoemission spectroscopy at SPring-8 for surface chemistry
- 4) Surface phase transition induced by the low dimensionality
- 5) Tuning of surface reactivity with surface alloying
- 6) Development of new type of secondary ion mass spectroscopy with very low-energy ions

We mainly focus on surface chemistry explored with newly developed original experimental techniques and their related equipments.

Particularly, our group is developing molecular-beam and ion-beam facilities for the studies of the elementary processes of surface-chemical reactions and of the surface modification including sputtering.



Laboratory for Bio-Nanotechnology

(The Institute of Scientific and Industrial Research)

Members Masateru TANIGUCHI (Professor), Makusu TSUTSUI (Associate Professor), Hiroyuki TANAKA (Assistant Professor), Kazumichi YOKOTA (Assistant Professor)

Tel·Fax Tel: +81-6-6879-8445 • Fax: +81-6-6875-2440

e-mail taniguti@sanken.osaka-u.ac.jp

Home Page <http://www.bionano.sanken.osaka-u.ac.jp/>

[Research Interests]

- 1) Electrical and thermal properties in single-molecule junctions
- 2) Single-molecule electrical sequencing of DNA, RNA, and peptide based on quantum chemistry
- 3) Single-molecule fluid dynamics and its controlling method
- 4) Single-molecule observations with atomic resolutions

We are challenging biology through the development and use of single-molecule science and technology based on chemical physics. In an effort to explore single-molecule science, we are studying electrical and thermal properties of single-molecule junctions formed by metal electrodes and single molecules. In addition, we are attempting to elucidate biological behaviors using quantum-chemistry-based, single-molecule electrical sequencing of DNA, RNA, and peptides because the central dogma of molecular biology explains the genetic information flow within a biological system. Moreover, we are investigating single-molecule fluid dynamics in solutions and developing methods for controlling

fluid dynamics because biomolecules exist and function in the solutions. Furthermore, to better understand single-molecule behaviors deduced from electrical measurements, we observe single molecules at atomic resolutions using optical and scanning tunneling microscopes. Our primary goal is to develop single-molecule science and technologies, which are expected to revolutionize molecular biology, medical sciences, and drug development.

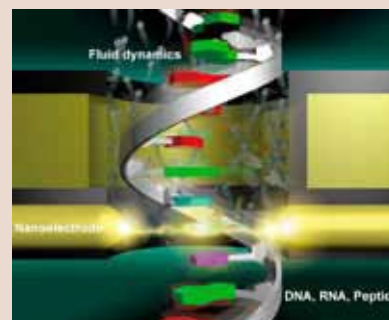


Fig. Schematic of single-molecule sequencing method.

Laboratory for Regulatory Bioorganic Chemistry

(The Institute of Scientific and Industrial Research)

Members Kazuhiko NAKATANI (Professor), Chikara DOHNO (Associate Professor), Asako MURATA (Associate Professor), Tomonori SHIBATA (Assistant Professor), Takeshi YAMADA (Assistant Professor)

Tel·Fax Tel: +81-6-6879-8455 • Fax: +81-6-6879-8459 **e-mail** nakatani@sanken.osaka-u.ac.jp

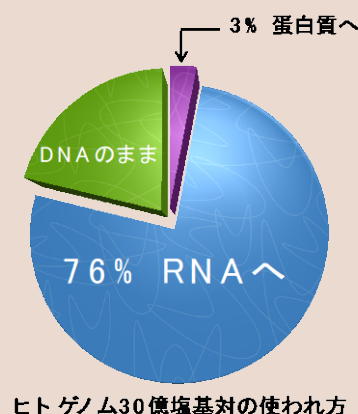
Home Page http://www.sanken.osaka-u.ac.jp/labs/rbc/english/index_e.html

[Research Interests]

- 1) Chemical Biology of trinucleotide repeats
- 2) Regulation of gene expression by synthetic small molecule
- 3) Development of small molecule targeting functional RNAs
- 4) Development of really useful method for genetic diagnosis

With the technique of accurate synthetic organic chemistry and the knowledge and sense for treating nucleic acids as organic molecules, we focused our research attention on small molecules targeting DNA and RNA that regulates biological functions. Most part of human genome (76%) is transcribed into RNA that does not encode any protein. These non-coding but functional RNAs are important targets for small molecules to regulate biological function. With these studies, we may achieve to develop new technology for human society and to open a new ear in genome science. Toward this end, we have set very challenging research

themes. Two approaches, one is from synthetic chemistry and the other is from molecular biology were effectively combined to launch creative studies on these projects.



Laboratory for Complex Molecular Chemistry

(The Institute of Scientific and Industrial Research)

Members Takayoshi SUZUKI (Professor), Yukihiro ITOH (Associate Professor), Yasunobu YAMASHITA (Assistant Professor), Yuri TAKADA (Assistant Professor)

Tel · Fax Tel: +81-6-6879-8470 • Fax: +81-6-6879-8474 **e-mail** tkyssuzuki@sanken.osaka-u.ac.jp

HomePage <http://www.sanken.osaka-u.ac.jp/labs/cmc/en>

[Research Interests]

- 1) Development of epigenetic inhibitors and their applications
- 2) Target-guided synthesis of enzyme inhibitors
- 3) Chemical biology and medicinal chemistry for refractory diseases
- 4) Medicinal chemistry using artificial intelligence

Aiming to develop therapeutic agents and chemical probes, medicinal chemistry and chemical biology studies are conducted in our group. The focused fields of computational molecular design, synthetic reactions, and biological action mechanisms of bio-functional molecules are studied on the basis of organic chemistry. For example, we are working on the development of epigenetic inhibitors and their applications. Epigenetic mechanisms including DNA methylation and histone modifications are regulated by enzymes. The epigenetic proteins form complexes by protein-protein interactions and protein-lncRNA interactions, which

regulates epigenetic gene expression. We are trying to identify small molecules that inhibit the function of the complexes and to apply the small molecules to chemical biology studies and drug discovery.

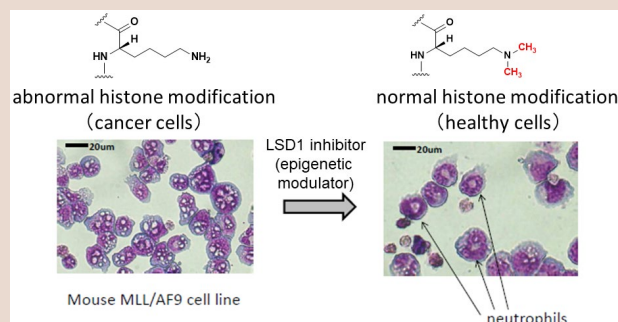


Fig. Cancer therapy by epigenetic modulators.

Laboratory of Protein Organic Chemistry

(Institute for Protein Research)

Members Hironobu HOJO (Professor), Toru KAWAKAMI (Associate Professor)

Tel•Fax Tel: +81-6-6879-8601 • Fax: +81-6-6879-8603 **e-mail** hojo@protein.osaka-u.ac.jp

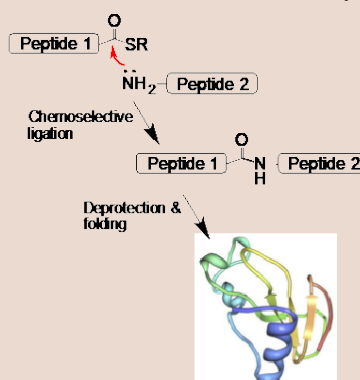
Home Page <http://www.protein.osaka-u.ac.jp/organic/english.html>

[Research Interests]

1. General studies on a chemical protein synthesis
2. Development of methods for ligation
3. Synthesis, structural and functional studies of membrane proteins
4. Synthetic studies of post-translationally modified proteins

Chemical methods enable the synthesis of proteins, which can not be prepared by the recombinant method, such as site-specifically labeled, glycosylated and phosphorylated proteins. Laboratory of Protein Organic Chemistry is aiming to promote new protein researches using these synthetic proteins. Thus, our laboratory is developing facile methods for protein synthesis based on ligation chemistries. In addition, the synthetic method is applied for the synthesis of membrane proteins and their partial sequences

to elucidate the signal transduction mechanism by solid state NMR and IR. Modified histones and their partial sequences, glycosylated proteins are also being synthesized for the functional analyses.



General procedure for chemical protein synthesis.

Laboratory for Molecular Biophysics

(Institute for Protein Research)

Members Toshimichi FUJIWARA (Professor), Yoh MATSUKI (Associate Professor), Yohei MIYANOIRI (Associate Professor, concurrent)

Tel•Fax Tel: +81-6-6879-8598 Fax: +81-6-6879-8599 **e-mail** tfjwr@protein.osaka-u.ac.jp

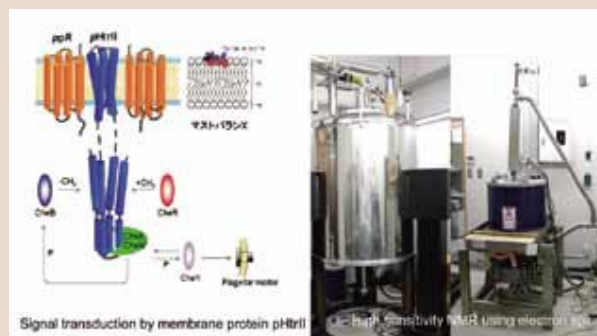
Home Page <http://www.protein.osaka-u.ac.jp/biophys/>

[Research Interests]

- 1) Structure of membrane proteins pHtrII for transmitting light signal and halorhodopsin for light-driven ion pumping
- 2) Development of high-sensitivity NMR using hyperpolarization by terahertz wave irradiation
- 3) Structure analysis by NMR bioinformatics
- 4) Elucidation of the correlation between structure, dynamics and function of large molecular proteins using NMR

NMR reveals structure and function of biologically important molecular complexes that not amenable to X-ray crystallography and electron microscopy. These systems include proteins bound to lipid bilayers and noncrystalline large molecular complexes, such as membrane protein pHtrII for the transmission of light signal, halorhodopsin for light-driven ion pumping, amyloid protein fibers, and model G-protein-receptor complexes.

We are also developing NMR methods by using advanced technologies for NMR experiments, bioinformatics and molecular biology. Two NMR spectrometers features high-power terahertz wave sources, gyrotron for enhancing the sensitivity by using electron spin polarization.



Laboratory of Protein Profiling and Functional Proteomics

(Institute for Protein Research)

Members Toshifumi TAKAO (Professor), Toshiki TAKEI (Assistant Professor), Qiuyi WANG (Assistant Professor)

Tel-Fax Tel: +81-6-6879-4312 Fax: +81-6-6879-4332

e-mail tak@protein.osaka-u.ac.jp

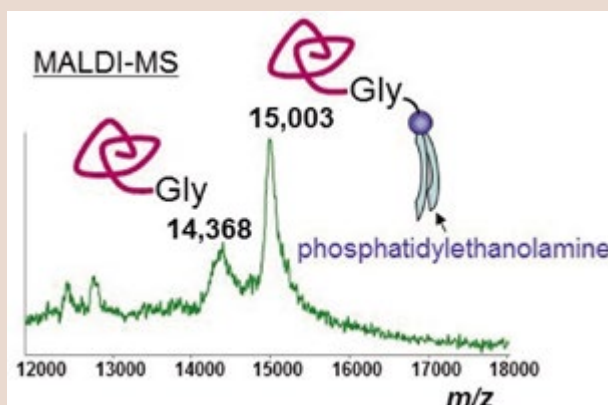
Home Page <http://www.protein.osaka-u.ac.jp/rcsfp/profiling/>

[Research Programs]

- 1) Development of chemical/analytical methods and soft-ware for analysis of protein primary structure.
- 2) Hardware development for high-sensitivity MS.
- 3) MS analysis of post-translational modifications.
- 4) Development of a chemical derivatization method for high sensitive detection of sugar chains.
- 5) Development of chemical and separation methods for proteomics analysis.
- 6) Study on fragmentation of peptides and carbohydrates in MS.

Mass spectrometry (MS) is a well accepted technique for the analyses of chemical structures of biological compounds. We have been working to develop methods for determining primary structures and post-translational modifications of proteins by using MS. In conjunction with accumulation protein and gene sequence databases, we are using state-of-the-art MS for large-scale protein identification which is

indispensable for proteomics research. We also apply the above developed methods to the structural analysis of micro quantities of peptides, and their related substances.



Laboratory for Computational Biology

(Institute for Protein Research)

Members Kenji MIZUGUCHI (Professor), Kosuke HASHIMOTO (Assistant Professor), Chioko NAGAO (Assistant Professor), Reiko WATANABE (Assistant Professor)

Tel-Fax Tel: +81-6-6105-6961 Fax: +81-6-6105-6962

e-mail kenji@protein.osaka-u.ac.jp

Home Page <https://mizuguchilab.org/>

[Research Interests]

- 1) Data integration for relating molecular-level events to higher-order biological systems.
- 2) Understanding and predicting molecular interactions involving proteins, modelling biological responses.
- 3) Transcriptome analysis of early human embryos.
- 4) In silico prediction of pharmacokinetic parameters.

We aim to increase our understanding of biological systems and diseases by combining computer science and computational chemistry approaches, with applications to drug discovery and other research areas. Artificial Intelligence (AI) is expected to play major roles in many domains. Recognizing that the availability of a large amount of data in a computer-friendly format is key to the successful development of AI models, our research is focused on integrating a wide array of data, including genes, proteins, chemical compounds and diseases. We also develop methods for predicting protein structure, function and interaction, and apply them to specific biological problems.

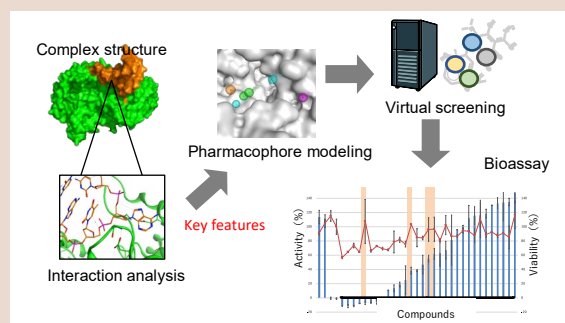


Fig. 1 Structure-based drug design procedure

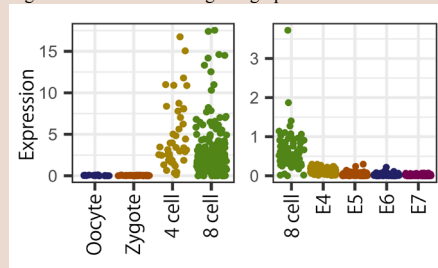


Fig. 2 Expression of LTRs

Department
of
Chemistry

National Institute of Advanced Industrial Science and Technology (AIST), Nanomaterials Research Institute (NMRI)

Kenji Kamada (Guest Professor) k.kamada@aist.go.jp

Department
of
Chemistry

National Institute of Advanced Industrial Science and Technology (AIST), Chubu Center

Ichiro MATSUBARA (Guest Professor) matsubara-i@aist.go.jp

Department
of
Chemistry

National Institute of Advanced Industrial Science and Technology (AIST), Kansai Center

Nobuhiro KURIYAMA (Guest Professor) kuriyama-n@aist.go.jp

Department
of
Chemistry

Peptide Institute, Inc.

Hideki NISHIO (Guest Professor), Toshihiro YAMAMOTO (Guest Professor),
Taku YOSHIYA (Guest Professor)

nishio@peptide.co.jp
yamamoto@peptide.co.jp
t.yoshiya@peptide.co.jp

Department
of
Chemistry

Suntory Foundation for Life Sciences, Bioorganic Research Institute

Keiko SHIMAMOTO (professor) shimamot@sunbor.or.jp